## Reading the Nutrition Facts Label

| Always Remember that the numbers on the label are for ONE serving, not the whole container. | Nutrition Facts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Serving Size: | $1 \text { cup }$ |
|  | Amount Per Serving |  |
| $\uparrow$ Weight if too much | Total Calories | 260 |
|  | Calories from Fat | 50 |
| $\uparrow$ Blood Cholesterol |  | Value |
|  | Total Fat 6 g | 9\% |
|  | Saturated Fat 2g | 10\% |
| ^ Blood Pressure | Cholesterol 100mg | 33\% |
|  | Sodium 1340mg | 56\% |
| $\uparrow$ Blood Sugar | Total Carbohydrate 33g | 11\% |
|  | Dietary Fiber 9 g | 36\% |
|  | Sugars 3g |  |
| 5\% is Low | Protein 16g |  |
| 10\% is Medium | Vitamin A | 4\% |
|  | Vitamin C | 4\% |
| 20\% is High | Calcium | 15\% |
|  | Iron | 15\% |

## The Percent Daily Value (\%DV)

"The \% Daily Value makes it easy to know whether a food gives you a lot or a little of a particular nutrient. A high percentage means the food contains a lot of a nutrient. A low percentage means it contains a little. With the new \% Daily Value, you don't have to do any calculations." -FDA

You can think of \%DV like a budget. This means "Sodium, $24 \%$ DV" is as if you are given $\$ 100$ to spend on sodium for the day and one serving costs you $\$ 24$. That is not bad if it is for a whole meal but too much if it is just one food. Check the label-20\% DV is high, $5 \%$ DV is low. -Sara Lee Thomas, $M S, R D$

